

- 关于台词的备注:

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**Feifei**

Morning, Neil. In a rush today, were you?

**Neil**

Just a bit, Feifei. You know, kids, breakfast, commute. The usual. Why?

**Feifei**

Well – I noticed your shirt isn't ironed.

**Neil**

Very attentive of you.

**Feifei**

And your shirt has – ketchup on it?

**Neil**

Oops, yes – beans for breakfast.

**Feifei**

And you haven't shaved, have you?

**Neil**

Well. Erm...

**Feifei**

You really do need to make more of an effort.

**Neil**

Feifei, why are you having a go at me?

**Feifei**

Relax, Neil. I'm just giving you the opportunity to use the phrase we are teaching, which is: 'have a go'!

**Neil**

Well, that's a relief. 'To have a go at someone', as we've just seen, means to criticise someone.

**Feifei**

是的，英式表达“have a go at someone”的实际意思是“指责、批评、数落某人”。这是一个口语中常用的说法。

**Neil**

Let's hear some examples.

**Examples**

The boss really had a go at Michaela after she offended our clients.

Susie had a go at her husband last night. He'd forgotten all about her birthday.

Why do you always have a go at me? Why can't you say something nice?

**Feifei**

好了，“to have a go at someone”是我们要教给大家的表达。

**Neil**

There. Can we be nice to each other now?

**Feifei**

Well, we can have a go!

**Neil**

Ah, very clever. 'To have a go' has another meaning – 'to try'.

**Feifei**

没错，“to have a go”的另一个意思是“尝试做某件事”。

**Neil**

Why don't you have a go at making an example sentence, Feifei?

**Feifei**

没问题，我用“have a go”造个句：I'm going to have a go at cooking a Thai curry from scratch.

**Neil**

Tasty. 'To have a go' meaning 'to try'. And one last thing, Feifei. Do I really look scruffy?

**Feifei**

Not at all. Though you could shave once in a while.

**Neil**

I'll have a go. Just for you, Feifei.

**Feifei**

Bye.

**Neil**

Goodbye.